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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/659,951	09/10/2003	Todd Allen Berg	293/029Cont3	5856
1473 ROPES & GRA	7590 11/14/2007 AVIIP		EXAMINER	
PATENT DOC	ENT DOCKETING 39/361		THALER, MICHAEL H	
- -	E OF THE AMERICAS NY 10036-8704		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•	,		3731	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

						
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/659,951	BERG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael Thaler	3731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Section 1	eptember 2007.					
, <u> </u>	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o 	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/10/07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on August 13, 2007 has been entered.

Claims 1-6 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sullivan (6,120,432) in view of Dakov (6,030,392). Sullivan, in figures 1-13, discloses an apparatus for cutting an aperture in a side wall of a blood vessel comprising a curvable delivery sheath (e.g. 210), a tissuepiercing structure 250, a resilient structure 252 mounted on the tissue-piercing structure and being resiliently biased to spring radially outwardly (col. 5, lines 46-52) and curvable tissuecutting catheter 220 (which is inherently a tissue cutting catheter when the distal end is tapered to a very sharp and thin edge at 222 as seen in figure 5 and described in col. 4, lines The tissue-cutting catheter 220 is configured for rotation about the longitudinal axis of the tissue piercing structure for two independent reasons. First, the entire the tissue-cutting apparatus shown in figure (including 2

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catheter and the tissue-piercing structure) clearly inherently configured for rotation about the longitudinal axis of the tissue piercing structure, by for example, manually rotating the entire apparatus about that axis. Second, (and in regard to claim 6) the tissue-cutting catheter 220 is freely slidable over the other members in both the longitudinal and circumferential directions as evidenced by the absence of any structure on the other members which would prevent Sullivan discloses only one resilient structure 252 rather than a plurality of resilient structures as claimed. However, Dakov, in figures 30-33, teaches that a plurality of resilient structures (barbs at 408) should be used to obtain the advantage of positively anchoring the end of a wire 406 to a blood vessel. It would have been obvious to include a plurality of resilient structures on the end of the Sullivan wire 250 so that it too would have this advantage.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sullivan (6,120,432) in view of Dakov (6,030,392) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of van der Gaast (3,577,979). Sullivan fails to disclose the cutting edge as being serrated. However, van der Gaast teaches that a circular cutting edge of a surgical punch should be serrated in order to obtain the advantage of reducing tearing of

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the tissue (col. 2, lines 35-39). It would have been obvious to make the Sullivan cutting edge serrated so that it too would have this advantage.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-11 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,416,527. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the slight differences between the claims are obvious differences.

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Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (571) 272-4704. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan T. Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-4963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

mht

MICHAEL THALER
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 3731